108593 to 108748—Continued.

108736. VICIA SEPIUM L.

Bush vetch. From western No. 1096. Siberia.

For previous introduction and description see 108009.

108737 and 108738. VICIA SYLVATICA L.

For previous introduction see 52279.

108737. No. 1102. From Siberia.

108738. No. 1103. From western Siberia.

108739. VICIA VILLOSA Roth. Hairy vetch. No. 1097. From the northern Caucasus.

108740. VICIA TENUIFOLIA Roth.

No. 1098. From western Siberia.

For previous introduction and description see 108011.

108741 and 108742. VICIA UNIJUGA A. Br. For previous introduction see 90585.

108741. No. 1114. From Buriato, Mongolia.

108742. No. 1115. From western Siberia.

108743. VICIA VARIABILIS Freyn and Sint.

No. 1100. From the northern Caucasus. A herbaceous perennial with ascending stems, linear-lanceolate leaflets, and blue or purplish flowers in a dense raceme. Native to Armenia.

108744. VICIA VILLOSA Roth. Hairy vetch. No. 1099. From the Ukraine.

108745. VICIA sp.

No. 1117. From western Siberia.

108746 to 108748. VICIA spp.

From Armenia.

108746. VICIA SD.

No. 1118.

108747. VICIA Sp.

No. 1119.

108748. VICIA sp.

No. 1120.

108749. DAUCUS CAROTA L. Apiaceae. Carrot.

om Morocco. Seeds presented by H. Bray-ard, Directeur de la Station Expérimen-tale de Marrakech. Received January 29, From Morocco.

A carrot cultivated by the natives. troduced for Department specialists.

108750 to 108753. TRITICUM AESTIVUM Poaceae. Common wheat.

rom Australia. Seeds presented by H. Wenholz, Director of Plant Breeding, Department of Agriculture, New South Wales, through R. C. May, Experiment Farm, Bathurst, New South Wales. Received February 6, 1935. From

Wheat crosses made at the Experiment Farm, Bathurst, New South Wales. Introduced for Department specialists.

108750.  $(Galgalos \times Bena) \times Federation.$  5/1-1-1.

108750 to 108753—Continued.

108751.  $(Galgalos \times Bena) \times Federation.$  6/1-1-1-1.

108752.  $(Galgalos \times Bena) \times Federation.$  6/3-2-1-1.

108753.  $(Galgalos \times Federation) \times Federation$ . 5/1-1-1.

108754 and 108755. Prunus spp. Amygdalaceae.

From California. Scions presented by W. B. Clarke & Co., San Jose. Received February 7, 1935.

For use by Department specialists.

108754. PRUNUS SERRULATA Lindl. Oriental cherry.

Daikoku.

108755. PRUNUS SUBHIRTELLA Mig. Higan cherry.

Beni-hoshi.

108756. SCHEFFLERA ACTINOPHYLLA Harms (Brassaia actino-(Endl.) phylla Endl.). Araliaceae.

From Coconut Grove, Fla. Seeds originally from Brisbane, Australia, collected by F. G. Walsingham at Woodlawn Cemetery and brought to the Plant Introduction Garden January 8, 1929. Numbered for convenience in distribution, February 1935.

An evergreen tree up to 40 fcet high, native to Queensland, Australia, with compound leaves made up of 6 to 16 oblong leathery leaflets a foot long. The racemes, several feet long, of fragrant flowers, are followed by small heads of angled dry fruits. This is a very good honey tree and does best in moist situations.

For previous introduction see 98137.

108757. CROCUS ALATAVICUS Regel. Iri-

From the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Seeds presented by the Botanic Garden, Alma Ata, through Dr. A. Popov, Department of New Cultures and Introduction, Leningrad. Received February 7, 1935.

A spring-blooming crocus from central Asia, with linear, white-striped leaves and white flowers.

108758. STYLOMA THURSTONI (Muell. and Drude) O. F. Cook (Pritchardia thurstoni Muell, and Drude). Phoenicaceae.

rom Puerto Rico. Seeds presented by David Barry, Jr., Los Angeles, Calif. Re-ceived February 2, 1935. From

A tall palm with a slender, ringed trunk crowned by a cluster of spreading, fanshaped leaves 3 to 6 feet in diameter. The clusters of small greenish flowers are borne on long stalks resembling fishing poles. It is native to the Fiji Islands.

For previous introduction see 86695.

## 108759 to 108778.

rom Europe. Seeds collected by Dr. Edgar Anderson, of the Arnold Arboretum Bal-kan expedition. Received January 26, 1935. From Europe.